

NEVADA STATE BOARD OF NURSING
Practice Decision
The Role of the RN in Non-EMS-RN Interfacility Transport

As previously decided by the Board, it is within the scope of the RN to perform non-EMS-RN interfacility transport from a sending facility to a receiving facility in the situation that:

1. The skill, training, or expertise of the facility nurse will directly benefit the patient outcome or mortality/ morbidity.
2. The RN must not go beyond the scope of practice of that nurse as defined by the policies of the facility that is sending them on the transport.
3. The nurse has the appropriate competency to assist with interfacility transport as defined by the term “competency” in NAC [632.0385](#).
4. The nurse is qualified as defined by NRS [632.120](#).
5. The nurse has completed a comprehensive course, including demonstrated competency, to prepare them for those duties beyond their basic nursing education related to the skill, training, or expertise needed to assist in interfacility transport in compliance with all requirements identified in NAC [632.225](#).
6. The nurse has demonstrated competencies set forth by the facility patient originates.
7. The interfacility transport must be in compliance with [EMTALA](#).

References

Holleran, R. S. (2009). *ASTNA patient transport: Principles and Practice (Air & surface patient transport: Principles and practice)* (4th ed.). Mosby.

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. (n.d.). Guide for interfacility patient transfer. [https://www.ems.gov/pdf/advancing-ems-systems/Provider Resources/Interfacility_Transfers.pdf](https://www.ems.gov/pdf/advancing-ems-systems/Provider_Resources/Interfacility_Transfers.pdf)

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